

The function g is defined and differentiable on the closed interval $[-7, 5]$ and satisfies $g(0) = 5$. The graph of $y = g'(x)$, the derivative of g , consists of a semicircle and three line segments, as shown in the figure above.

a. Find $g(3)$ and $g(-2)$.

b. Find the x -coordinate of each point of inflection of the graph of $y = g(x)$ on the interval $-7 < x < 5$. Explain your reasoning.

c. The function h is defined by $h(x) = g(x) - \frac{1}{2}x^2$. Find the x -coordinate of each critical point of h , where $-7 < x < 5$, and classify each critical point as the location of a relative minimum, relative maximum, or neither a minimum nor a maximum. Explain your reasoning.

The velocity vector of a particle moving in the xy -plane has components given by

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 14 \cos(t^2) \sin(et) \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 1 + 2 \sin(t^2), \quad \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 1.5.$$

At time $t = 0$, the position of the particle is $(-2, 3)$.

a. For $0 < t < 1.5$, find all values of t at which the line tangent to the path of the particle is vertical.

b. Write an equation for the line tangent to the path of the particle at $t = 1$.

c. Find the speed of the particle at $t = 1$.

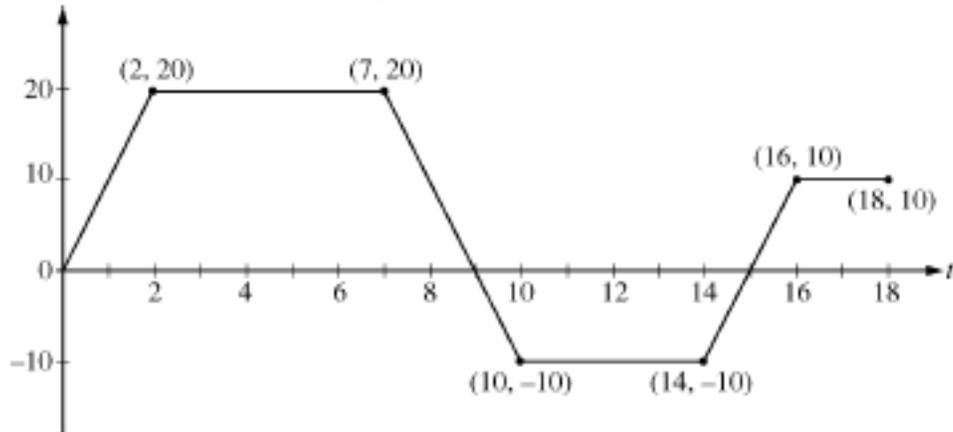
d. Find the acceleration vector of the particle at $t = 1$.

t	0	2	4	6	8	10	12
P(t)	0	46	53	57	60	62	63



The figure above shows an above ground swimming pool in the shape of a cylinder with a radius of 12 feet and a height of 4 feet. The pool contains 1000 cubic feet of water at time $t = 0$. During the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 12$ hours, water is pumped into the pool at the rate $P(t)$ cubic feet per hour. The table above gives values of $P(t)$ for selected values of t . During the same time interval, water is leaking from the pool at the rate $R(t)$ cubic feet per hour, where $R(t) = 25e^{-0.05t}$. (Note: The volume V of a cylinder with radius r and height h is given by $V = \pi r^2 h$).

- Use a midpoint Riemann sum with three subintervals of equal length to approximate the total amount of water that was pumped into the pool during the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 12$ hours. Show the computations that lead to your answer.
- Calculate the total amount of water leaked out of the pool during the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 12$.
- Use the results from parts (a) and (b) to approximate the volume of water in the pool at time $t = 12$ hours. Round your answer to the nearest cubic foot.
- Find the rate at which the volume of water in the pool is increasing at time $t = 8$ hours. How fast is the water level in the pool rising at $t = 8$ hours? Indicate units of measure in both answers.



A squirrel starts at building A at time $t = 0$ and travels along a straight, horizontal wire connected to building B. For $0 \leq t \leq 18$, the squirrel's velocity is modeled by the piecewise-linear function defined by the graph above.

- At what times in the interval $0 < t \leq 18$, if any, does the squirrel change direction? Give a reason for your answer.
- At what time in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 18$ is the squirrel farthest from building A? How far from building A is the squirrel at that time.
- Find the total distance the squirrel travels during the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 18$.
- Write expressions for the squirrel's **acceleration $a(t)$** , **velocity $v(t)$** , and **distance $x(t)$** from building A that are valid for the time interval $7 < t < 10$.