

Change of Variables:

$$\int x\sqrt{2x-1} dx$$

$$u = 2x - 1 \quad x = \frac{u+1}{2} \quad dx = \frac{1}{2} du$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(\frac{u+1}{2} \right) u^{1/2} \frac{1}{2} du \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int (u^{3/2} + u^{1/2}) du \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{2}{5} u^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} \right) + C \\ &= \frac{1}{10} u^{5/2} + \frac{1}{6} u^{3/2} + C \\ &= \boxed{\frac{1}{10} (2x-1)^{5/2} + \frac{1}{6} (2x-1)^{3/2} + C}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_1^5 \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x-1}} dx$$

$$u = 2x - 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}(u+1) \rightarrow dx = \frac{1}{2} du$$

When x = 1, u = 1 & When x = 5, u = 9

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_1^9 \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{u+1}{u^{1/2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} du \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int_1^9 u^{-1/2} (u+1) du \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \int_1^9 (u^{1/2} + u^{-1/2}) du \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{2}{3} u^{3/2} + 2u^{1/2} \right]_1^9 \\ &= \left[\left(18 - 6 \right) - \left(\frac{2}{3} + 2 \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(24 - 2 - \frac{2}{3} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{64}{3} \right) \\ &= \boxed{\frac{16}{3}}. \end{aligned}$$

Alternate Choice

$$\int_1^5 \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x-1}} dx$$

$$u = \sqrt{2x-1} \rightarrow u^2 = 2x-1 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2}(u^2 + 1) \rightarrow dx = u du$$

When x = 1, u = 1 When x = 5, u = 3

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_1^3 u^{-1} \cdot \frac{1}{2}(u^2 + 1)u du \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_1^3 (u^2 + 1)du \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{3}u^3 + u \right]_1^3 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[(9+3) - \left(\frac{1}{3} + 1 \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(11 - \frac{1}{3} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{32}{3} \right) \\ &= \boxed{\frac{16}{3}}. \end{aligned}$$

1. $\int x\sqrt{x+2} dx$

2. $\int x\sqrt{2x+1} dx$

3. $\int x^2 \sqrt{1-x} dx$

4. $\int (x+1)\sqrt{2-x} dx$

$$5. \int \frac{x^2 - 1}{\sqrt{2x-1}} dx$$

$$6. \int_0^4 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x+1}} dx$$

$$7. \int_0^2 \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+2x^2}} dx$$

$$8. \int_1^2 (x-1)\sqrt{2-x} dx$$